CON	Competency	Yes	No	Work
104				Description/Justification
1	Given market data and the nature of			
	the marketplace, describe the key			
	elements necessary to determine the			
	price objective and approaches that			
	are fair and reasonable.			
2	Given a purchase request containing			
	the Independent Government			
	Estimate, use market research to			
	estimate a proper price level that is fair			
	and reasonable.			
3	Given acquisition histories, market			
	research data, and the requirement,			
	determine actions that increase price			
	competition.			
4	Given the requirement and proposal(s)			
	received, determine the need for			
	additional price-related information so			
	that only the minimum amount of			
	information is requested.			
5	Using the solicitation and several			
	offers, apply price-related factors to			
	determine the lowest evaluated price.			

CON	Competency	Yes	No	Work
104				Description/Justification
6	Given the evaluated prices, use the			
	appropriate type(s) of information and			
	quantitative techniques (indexing, cost-			
	volume-profit (CVP) analysis, cost			
	estimating relationships (CER),			
	regression, and improvement curves)			
	to develop a reasonable price			
	objective.			
7	Given a reasonable price objective,			
	determine the difference(s) between			
	that price and the offeror's proposed			
	price, so that a fair and reasonable			
	price can be determined.			
8	Given bids, determine the decision that			
	can be made so that a fair and			
	reasonable price can be determined.			
9	Given evaluated prices, apply the			
	price-related decisions to make an			
	award determination.			
10	Given the situation, describe actions			
	required for documentation.			
11	Given the contractor's market			
	conditions, relate definitions and terms			
	applicable to costs so that a cost			
	analysis can be performed.			

CON	Competency	Yes	No	Work
104				Description/Justification
12	Given market research and the			
	solicitation requirements, determine			
	the need for cost or pricing data, or			
	information other than cost or pricing			
	data, so that you have sufficient			
	information to establish			
	reasonableness of cost/price.			
13	Given proposed costs, classify those			
	costs as allowable, unallowable, or			
	allowable with restrictions, in			
	accordance with the factors affecting			
	cost allowability.			
14	Given market research, proposed			
	information from offerors, and input			
	from the acquisition team, select the			
	information that supports cost analysis.			
15	Given market research and the			
	offeror's work design, determine price			
	reasonableness so that it supports cost			
	analysis.			
16	Given market research and proposed			
	information from the offeror(s),			
	develop a pre-negotiation position on			
	direct material costs, direct labor,			
	other direct costs, indirect costs,			
	facilities capital cost of money, and			
	profit or fee that is fair and reasonable.			

CON	Competency	Yes	No	Work
104				Description/Justification
17	Given the environment of a buyer and seller, describe general negotiation concepts necessary to negotiate a fair and reasonable price.			
18	Using a proposal, input from technical and audit experts (if applicable), a cost/price analysis, and a competitive range determination, conduct exchanges to establish a prenegotiation position.			
19	Using a proposal, input from technical and audit experts (if applicable), a cost/price analysis, and a competitive range determination, prepare for negotiations.			
20	Given a negotiation situation, apply negotiation techniques to negotiate a fair and reasonable price.			
21	Given a negotiation situation, apply win/win bargaining tactics to negotiate a fair and reasonable price.			
22	Given a negotiation situation, use appropriate nonverbal communication and interpret nonverbal cues used by others in negotiating a fair and reasonable price.			

CON	Competency	Yes	No	Work
104				Description/Justification
23	Given a solicitation, proposal, technical and audit reports, evaluation criteria, and the negotiation plan for discussions, apply results of the discussion so that the Source Selection Authority (SSA) can determine the best value for the Government.			
24	Given a proposal, technical and audit reports, and the negotiation plan for a noncompetitive situation, apply tactics to accomplish the Government's negotiation of a fair and reasonable price.			